SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

COURSE OUTLINE

WILDLIFE SURVEYS

Course Title:	
Code No.:	FOR 312-6
Program:	FISH AND WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
Semester:	6
Date:	MAY, 1986
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	x
	New: Revision:
APPROVED:	Chairperson Date Date 6/16.
AFFROVED:	Chairperson Date

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

WILDLIFE SURVEYS

FOR 312-5

Course Name

Course Number

PHILOSOPHY/GOALS:

A course aimed at getting students to understand and capable of performing various techniques essential for game & fish management. Topics include: Field note taking, Recording and retrieval; Literature searches; Food habit analysis; Habitat evaluation techniques; Population estimation and analysis; Criteria for sexing & aging game and fish; Methods of capture, handling and marking wild animals; Evaluation of wildlife damage.

Prerequisite - FOR 301-4

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

3 Term tests	-	50%
2 Laboratory (practical tests)	-	30%
A-V project (see attached)	-	10%
Lab reports, projects, abstracts	-	10%
	-	100%

GRADING:

Term tests A = 80% + B = 70 - 79% C = 60 - 69% A = 90% + B = 75 - 89% C = 65 - 74%

TEXTBOOK(S):

SCHEMNITZ, S.S., 1980, Wildlife Management Techniques Manual, The Wildlife Society, Washington, D.C., 686 p.

EADINGS:

Journal of Wildlife Management, 1966-1983, (LRC)

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UNIT #	PERIODS	TOPIC DESCRIPTION	REFI	ERENCE
I	4	<pre>INTRODUCTION AND PROBLEM SOLVING - criteria of effective techniques - the scientific method and problem- solving - wildlife literature, field notes, and map preparation</pre>	СН.	1,2,3,4,5,17
II	4	NECROPSY PROCEDURE AND PHYSIOLOGICAL INDICATORS - purposes and procedure for necropsy - wildlife indicators of health: -reproduction -nutritional -blood characteristics -stress indices	СН.	7,8
III	4	ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE FOR FOOD HABIT ANALYSIS - uses of food habit info. - field techniques - laboratory procedure for mammals and birds	СН.	9
IV	12	HABITAT EVALUATION TECHNIQUES - types of techniques - nutritional requirements and food analysis - food production, availability and utilization techniques - cover evaluation and energy requirements - wetland classification and analysis	СН.	10,20
V	16	POPULATION ANALYSIS AND ESTIMATION - major methods of census and techniques including: - total counts - sample census such as strip census etc mark-recapture techniques - census indices - pellet group survey, etc use of harvest statistics		14,15

UNIT #	PERIODS	TOPIC DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE
VI	16	CRITERIA OF SEX AND AGE - rationale of learning sex and age criteria - sexing and aging methods for fish, game birds, game and fur-bearing animals by histological and physiological criteria	СН. 11
VII	12	METHODS OF CAPTURING, HANDLING AND MARKING WILD ANIMALS - methods of capture of animals and birds - live capture and kill capture - trap types and sets - use of drugs in capture and handli - marking of animals and birds - rationale - methods including mutilation, colouring, tagging	CH. 6
VIII	4	COLLECTION AND PRESERVATION OF BIOLOGICAL SPECIMENS - use of correct preservatives - skin preparation and flesh retention - preparation of study skins	СН. 32
IX	8	EVALUATION OF WILDLIFE DAMAGE - identifying predators or nuisance spp. by sign or damage - assessing wildlife damage - control of nuisance spp. by mechanical or chemical means	СН. 22
X	6	NEW TOOLS IN WILDLIFE RESEARCH - modern technology and equipment - new techniques e.g. infra-red imagery new remote sensing equipment instrumentation radioisotopes	CH. 18 p. 28-31 "Wildlife Conservation" p. 219

 $\frac{\text{NOTES:}}{}$ All references refer to chapters in the recommended text, unless otherwise stated.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- Unit I INTRODUCTION AND PROBLEM-SOLVING: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to:
 - Solve any typical wildlife management problem by a logical step-by-step sequence of investigation such as the scientific method.
 - Be familiar with the methods of performing literature searches, making effective field notes, and preparing abstracts on wildlife investigational techniques.
- Unit II NECROPSY PROCEDURES: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to:
 - Describe the major purposes for necropsy or post-mortem examinations.
 - 2. Perform a necropsy satisfactorily on an animal and/or a bird.
 - Fully describe the physiological condition of the above specimen, referring to 4 types of physiological indicators of health.
- Unit III \underline{FOOD} \underline{HABIT} $\underline{ANALYSIS}$: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to:
 - 1. Correctly state the values of food habit analysis.
 - Describe field and laboratory procedures for food habit investigation.
- Unit IV <u>HABITAT EVALUATION TECHNIQUES</u>: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to satisfactorily:
 - Explain the nutritional requirements and food analysis breakdowns for any herbivore and/or carnivore.
 - 2. Describe and perform the following techniques, including calculations:
 - food production, availability and consumption for herbivores
 - energy budgets and cover evaluation
 - wetland classification and analysis

- Unit V POPULATION ANALYSIS AND ESTIMATION: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:
 - Explain the major types of census and their strengths and limitations.
 - 2. Be able to describe the methods and perform the required field work and calculations for specific techniques under the following headings:
 - total counts
 - sample census
 - mark recapture techniques
 - indices of populations
- Unit VI <u>CRITERIA OF SEX AND AGE</u>: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:
 - 1. Explain the importances of knowing sex and age ratios.
 - 2. Correctly sex and age the following species or groups:
 - all common waterfowl from specimen or wing
 - all common fur-bearers, big game animals, small game animals
 - all game birds
 - fish species
- Unit VII CAPTURE, HANDLING AND MARKING WILD ANIMALS: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:
 - Demonstrate the ability to live trap or kill trap, as required, the following groups of animals:
 - nuisance birds or mammals
 - fur-bearers
 - big game species
 - small game birds or mammals
 - 2. Explain the relative merits and deficiencies of marking by mutilation, colouring, and tagging.
- Unit VIII- $\frac{\text{COLLECTION}}{\text{completion}} \frac{\text{AND}}{\text{of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:}}$
 - 1. Use suitable preservatives for skin and flesh retention.
 - 2. Prepare a suitable study skin for class use.

- Unit IX EVALUATION OF WILDLIFE DAMAGE: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:
 - 1. Identify predators and nuisance spp. by their signs.
 - 2. Assess and control damage done by these species.
- Unit X $\underbrace{\text{NEW TOOLS IN}}_{\text{student must}}$ $\underbrace{\text{RESEARCH:}}_{\text{satisfactorily:}}$ At the completion of this unit, the
 - Explain the uses and future of some of the new and innovative tools and techniques used in research and wildlife investigations.